# Addressing Pension Unfunded Liability

Arcata, CA April 19, 2023





# **Pension Projections**

What will happen to Pension Costs if Future Experience Matches CalPERS Assumptions?

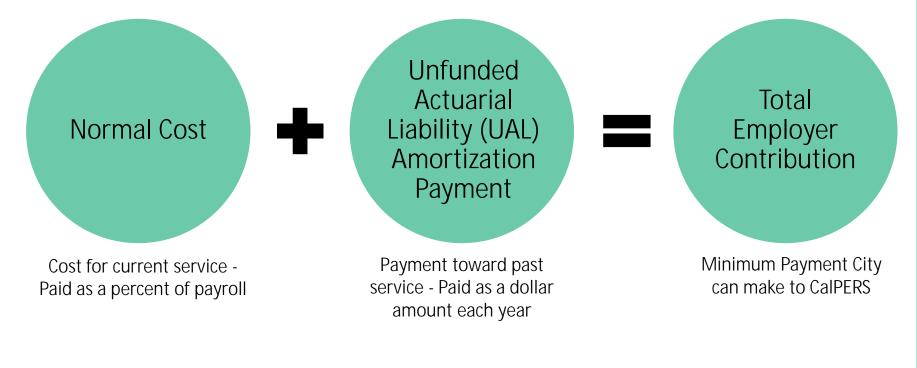


### **Pension Projections**

- Focusing on 3 metrics:
  - Unfunded Actuarial Liability = Plan Liability Plan Assets
  - Funded Percentage = Plan Assets/Plan Liability
  - Required Contributions
- Showing Split by Plan Classification
  - Miscellaneous
  - Safety
  - All Plans Combined



#### **Required Contribution**

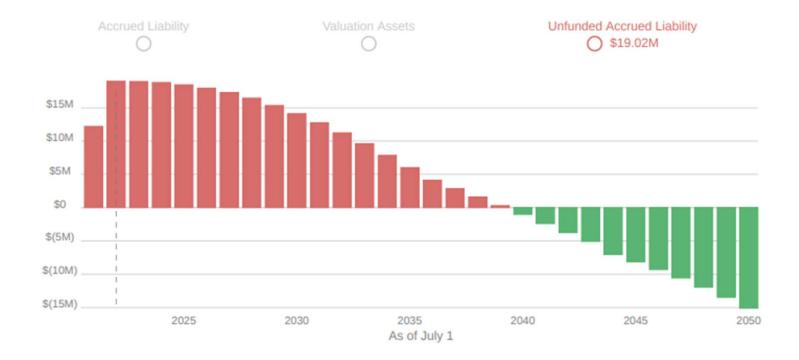




## **Miscellaneous Plans**

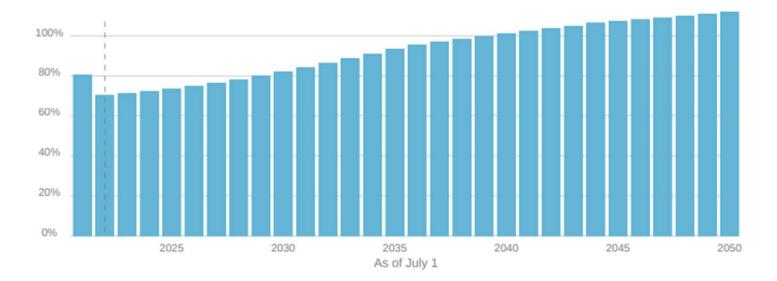


### **Unfunded Accrued Liability - Miscellaneous**



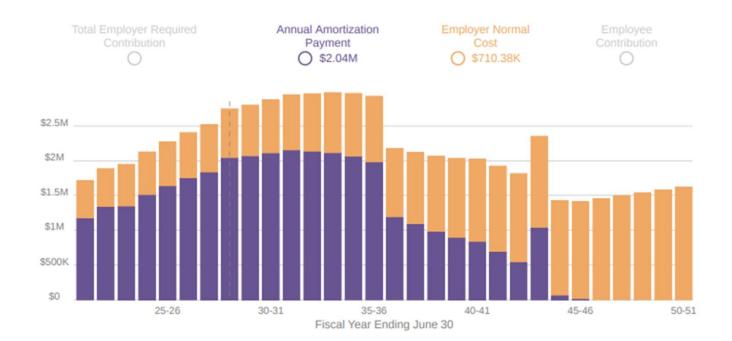


### Funded Percentage - Miscellaneous





#### **Required Contributions - Miscellaneous**

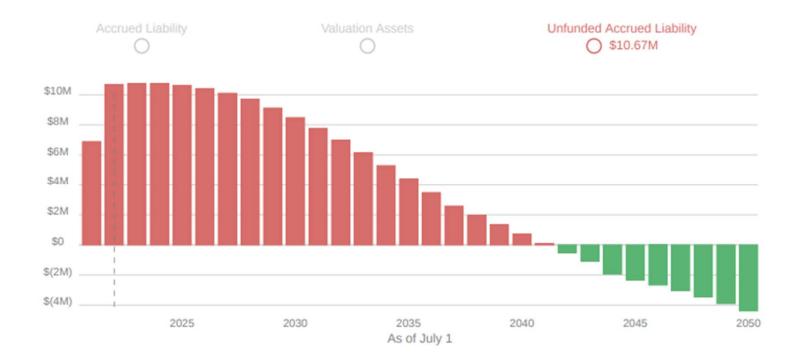




## Safety Plans



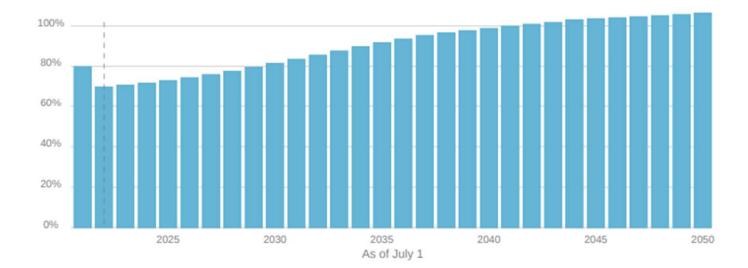
### **Unfunded Accrued Liability - Safety**





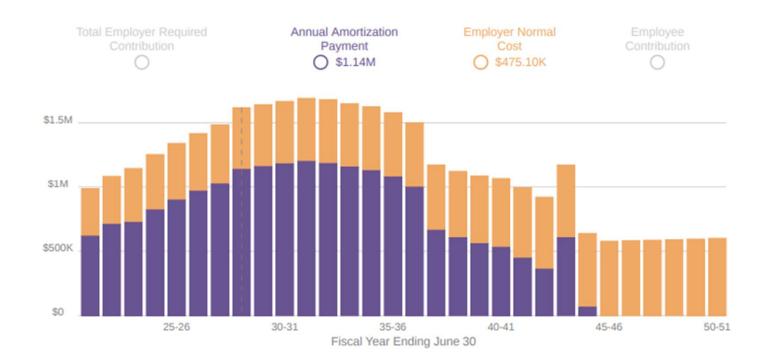
### **Funded Percentage - Safety**

Funded Percentage (Market Value of Assets) 0 69.75%





### **Required Contributions - Safety**

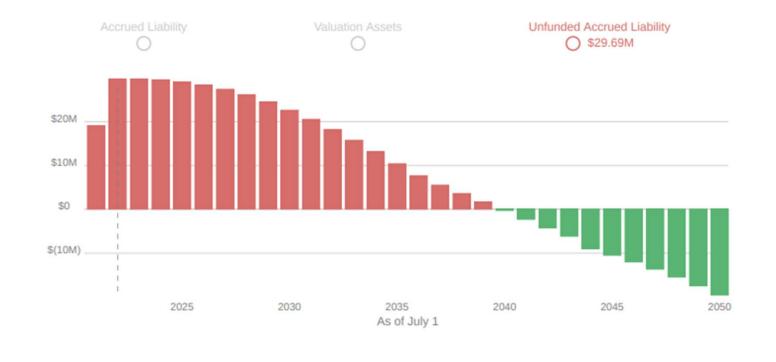




# **All Plans Combined**



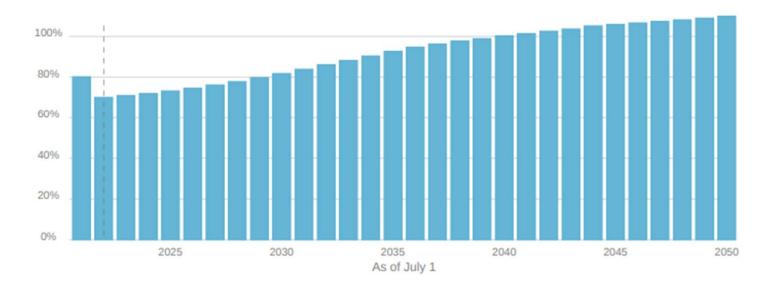
### **Unfunded Accrued Liability – All Plans**





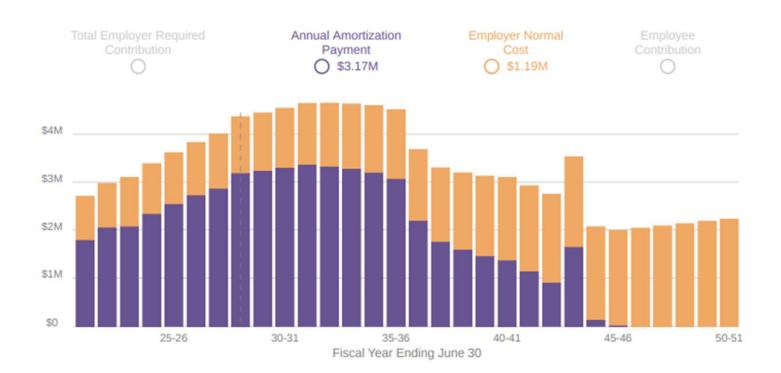
### Funded Percentage - All Plans

Funded Percentage (Market Value of Assets) O 70.14%





### **Required Contributions - All Plans**





# Addressing Unfunded Liability

Approaches the City can take to control future Unfunded Liability



### What has Arcata done?

- Additional contributions
  - City issued bonds in 2015
  - Used the proceeds to pay off a portion of the City's UAL
    - \$2.1 Million to Miscellaneous
    - \$1.0 Million to Safety
- Employee cost sharing agreement
  - Additional Employee Contributions
  - Differ by Bargaining Group
  - Range to 3% of pay



### Why Address Unfunded Liability?

- Most of current Required Contribution is due to payment toward Unfunded Actuarial Liability
- City is effective paying interest to CalPERS for Unfunded Actuarial Liability
- Current interest rate is 6.8%



### What is Unfunded Actuarial Liability?

- When actual plan experience is different than the plan's assumptions, new Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) is created.
- UAL is also created when assumptions are changed.
- UAL increases when experience is worse for the plan than what was assumed. For example, when the Investment Return assumption was lowered to 6.8%.
- UAL decreases when experience is better for the plan than what was assumed. For example, when the Investment Return is greater than the assumed Interest Rate.
- It can also happen for salary increases, or demographic changes, such as high levels of turnover, or increasing life expectancy.

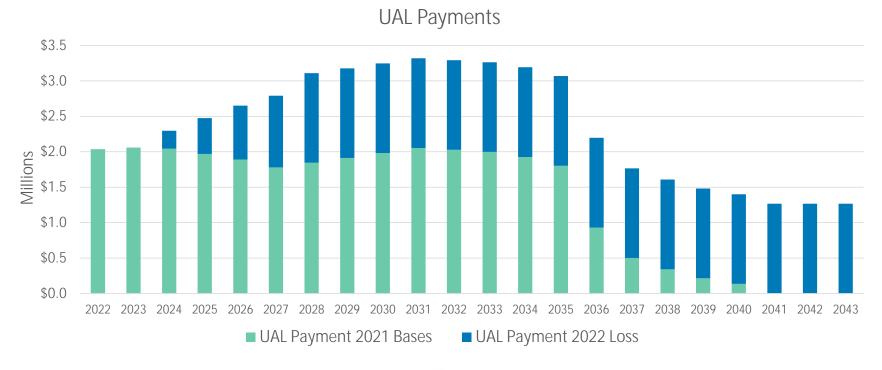


# Unfunded Actuarial Liability should be Monitored Regularly

- Paying off the current UAL does not mean there will be no Unfunded Actuarial Liability in the future.
- Each year, new Unfunded Actuarial Liability (both positive and negative) will be created based on plan assumptions and experience. These are referred to as Amortization Bases.
- Payments toward the new UAL Amortization Bases are generally amortized over a 20-year period.



# Each Year, UAL is Adjusted due to the Previous Year's Experience, and paid off over a 20-Year Period





### Potential Approaches to Addressing UAL

- One-time Additional Contribution
- Additional Annual Contributions
  - Budgeted
  - Based on Budget Surplus or Other Savings



### Looking for Direction from Council

- Following are just examples
- Which approaches would the Council like to consider?
- What levels should staff consider?



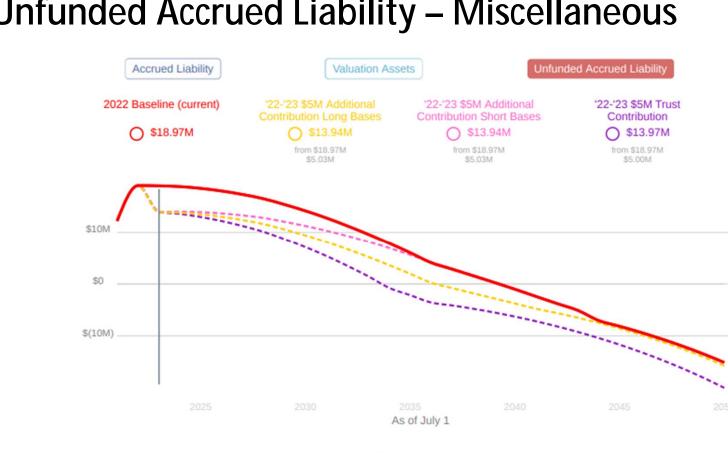
# One-Time Additional Contribution of \$5 Million



### **One-Time Additional Contribution of \$5 Million**

- Where does \$5 Million come from?
  - \$2.5 Million from City's current rainy-day reserves in the General Fund
  - \$2.5 million from enterprise funds.
- Where does \$5 Million go?
  - Directly to CalPERS
    - Pay off longest amortization bases for most long-term savings
    - Pay off shortest amortization bases for largest short-term contribution reduction
  - Contribute to Section 115 Pension Trust
    - Assumed Trust would earn 5% per year
    - Assumed Trust balance would be contributed to CalPERS when it would bring Plan to 100% funded
- Focusing on Miscellaneous Plan for this example

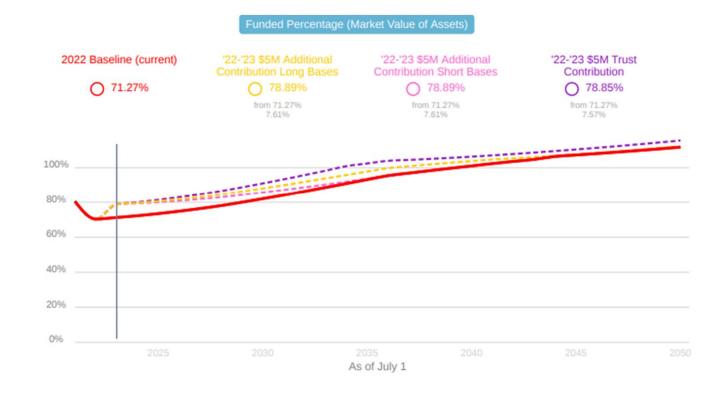




### **Unfunded Accrued Liability – Miscellaneous**



#### **Funded Percentage - Miscellaneous**





#### **Required Contributions - Miscellaneous**





### **Comparison of Savings**

#### Net Savings over 25 years

	2022 Baseline	Long Bases	Short Bases	Trust Contribution
Required Contribution	\$89,531,733	\$79,562,049	\$82,078,380	\$80,353,305
Additional Contribution	\$0	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000
Total Contribution	\$89,531,733	\$84,562,049	\$87,078,380	\$85,353,305
Savings	N/A	\$4,969,684.61	\$2,453,352.89	\$4,178,428.53



### Advantages of Each Option

- Longest Base Maximize Long-Term Savings
- Shortest Base Largest Short-Term Contribution Reduction
- 115 Trust Maximize Budget Flexibility



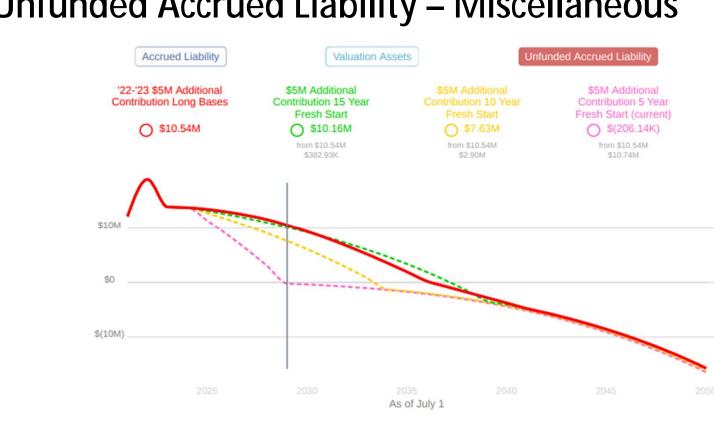
# **Fresh Starts**



### **Fresh Start**

- Analysis assumes Additional \$5 million contribution was made
- Fresh Start can be actual or virtual
- Options shown
  - 15 year
  - 10 year
  - 5 year

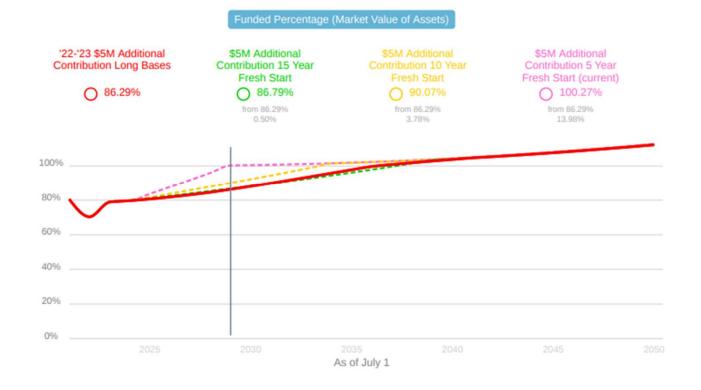




#### **Unfunded Accrued Liability – Miscellaneous**



#### Funded Percentage – Miscellaneous











### Comparison of Savings

<b>Net Savings</b>	over	25	Years
--------------------	------	----	-------

	No Fresh Start	15 Year Fresh Start	10 Year Fresh Start	5 Year Fresh Start
Required Contribution	\$79,562,049	\$79,818,516	\$77,196,474	\$74,701,267
Additional Contribution	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000
Total Contribution	\$84,562,049	\$84,818,516	\$82,196,474	\$79,701,267

Savings N/A -\$256,468 \$2,365,575 \$4,86	0,781
---	-------



# Recommendations



### **Staff Recommendation**

- Make \$7.5 Million Additional Contribution
  - \$5.0 Million to CalPERS
    - Paying off Longest Amortization Base to Miscellaneous Plan
  - \$2.5 Million to Section 115 Trust
    - For our projections, we assumed the funds be used as a Rainy Day fund and would remain in the Trust throughout projection
- Make Actual 15-Year Fresh Start with CalPERS
- Do a Virtual 10-Year Fresh Start
  - Attempt to make payments at the higher level



### Graphs of Recommendation versus No Action

- 3 lines
  - No action
  - \$7.5 Million one time (see previous page) and 15-year fresh start
  - \$7.5 Million one time (see previous page) and 10-year fresh start
- 3 graphs
  - UAL
  - Funded Percentage
  - Required Contribution

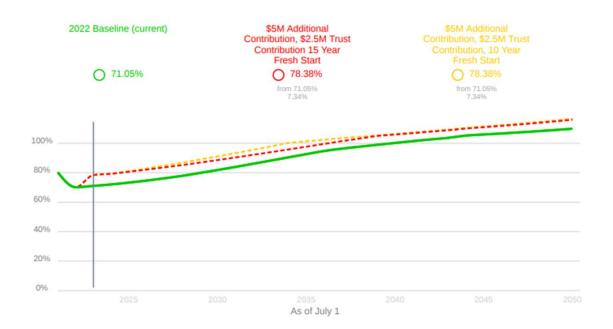


#### **Unfunded Accrued Liability – All Plans**





#### **Funded Percentage – All Plans**





#### **Required Contributions – All Plans**







# Disclaimer

While tested against actuarial valuation results, the software results will not necessarily match actuarial valuation results, as no two actuarial models are identical. The software offers financially sound projections and analysis; however, outputs do not guarantee compliance with standards under the Government Accounting Standards Board or Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The software and this presentation are not prepared in accordance with standards as promulgated by the American Academy of Actuaries, nor do outputs or this presentation constitute Statements of Actuarial Opinion. GovInvest has used census data, plan provisions, and actuarial assumptions provided by Customer and/or Customer's actuary to develop the software for Customer. GovInvest has relied on this information without audit.

